MINA'BENTE NUEBI NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN TWENTY-NINTH GUAM LEGISLATURE 2007 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 108(EC)

Introduced by:

Ŵ A. B. Palacios, Sr \sim

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AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR MANDATORY MINIMUM INCARCERATION UPON CONVICTION OF BRIBERY AND OTHER UNLAWFUL INFLUENCES AND RELATED OFFENSES, BY ADDING A NEW §49.95 TO CHAPTER 49, TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO PUNISHMENT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative findings and intent. The purpose of punishment for a crime committed is deterrence against future crimes. Punishment varies in degrees, and correspondingly influences the degree of deterrence. For some people monetary punishment has a greater deterrence than incarceration, and vice versa. It is generally believed that for white collar crimes and public corruption, incarceration has a greater deterrence than is monetary punishment.

7 Official public corruption is a crime that is committed consciously and knowingly, 8 the main motive of which is self-enrichment through the improper exercise of authority 9 entrusted to the public official. Public officials convicted of public corruption often would 10 rather pay a fine than be incarcerated. Incarceration is just too much of a public

1	humiliation. I Liheslaturan Guåhan believes that for some crimes the nature of which
2	involved the improper use of entrusted authority, incarceration would be more appropriate
3	than monetary punishment. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that Chapter 45 of Title 9, Guam
4	Code Annotated, while it defines the crimes of bribery, unlawful influence, extortion, and
5	misuse of information for private gain, provides for punishment thereof, the statute does
6	not mandate for incarceration upon conviction. I Liheslaturan Guåhan acknowledges that on
7	some occasions, incarceration is included in the punishment. I Liheslaturan Guåhan
8	recognizes and respects the exercise of judicial discretion in meting out punishment.
9	Notwithstanding this, I Liheslaturan Guåhan believes that for some crimes the nature of
10	which involved misuse or abuse of a public trust, a mandatory minimum incarceration
11	would be very appropriate and more effective in deterring future crimes of the same or
12	similar nature.
13	It is therefore the intent of I Liheslaturan Guåhan to provide for mandatory minimum
14	incarceration for crimes against the public trust, by adding a new §49.95 to Chapter 49,
15	Title 9, Guam Code Annotated, relative to punishment.
16	Section 2. A new §49.95 is hereby added to Chapter 49, Title 9, Guam Code
17	Annotated, to read as follows:
18	"§49.95. Mandatory Incarceration. Any public servant or any
19	person who is convicted of any of the offenses under this Chapter 49 shall

20 serve a mandatory minimum incarceration of a period of *not* less than one

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third (1/3) of the incarceration punishment penalty provided for the offense
for which said public servant or person is convicted in addition to other
punishments authorized by law."

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